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How Medina got its name

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ccasionally someone will ask; "How did Medina get its name?" I first want to say that no local historian from the past or present knows for sure. The choice of the name Medina and its actual reason was buried long ago no doubt in some

local graveyard.

However, in a penciled manuscript found among the papers of Samuel C. Bowen (1828-1913) from Medina we find this interesting account. It is as plausible as any manufactured tale relating to the naming of this village. Therefore you be the judge until verification is some how documented in the future.

Being a son of two old pioneers. I spent many an hour in my boyhood days in consultation with original settlers like Simon Downs, Simeon Bathgate, John G. Bateman, John Clark and scores of others. I believe it was Adamied Carter, whose life lapped onto that of Joseph Ellicott, who based told the story of the origin of the name of our village. Those who remembered Joseph Ellicott have described him as a genial, good natured sort of fellow and something like Abraham Lincoln. Full of witticism and drollery, always ready with his jokes.

Ellicott laid out Batavia, about the center of the Holland Purchase in 1799. Some few years later in the early part of the last century, he laid out a villager about midway between Batavia and the mouth of the Oak Orchard Creek which he named after his birthplace Barnegat, N.J. On one side of the creek, the settlement was nicknamed Mecca because a certain quaint character, whose name has passed my memory, lived there. He was familiarly known as "Old Mohammed" from the fact that he was so strenuous in his belief in Mohammed as the true prophet, and his boring everybody with his discussion and reading of the Koran. His religion however, was not "The kind that saves" for tradition says it was strongly mixed with immorality.



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Things came to such a pass after awhile that at a convention of married men, held one night. It was voted unanimously that "Old Mohammed" must go. The meeting resolved itself into a committee of the whole, and marched to the cabin of the despoiler of their homes, to carry out their resolution and to punish the offender in the rude fashion of those early days." (This consisted of a ride on a fence rail, clothed in tar and goose feathers)
"Old Mohammed was borne

to the edge of the clearing and at the hour of low twelve they turned the scapegoat into the wilderness. They charged him strictly never to return to Mecca under the penalty of death. Nothing was heard of him for some time and people began to query whether he had been devoured by wild beasts or committed suicide.

When Joe Ellicott, who

continually traveled over the Holland Purchase, came to Barnegate a few days later, he was asked if he had seen or heard anything of 'Mohammed". With one of his characteristic smiles Jo replied: "They say that when Mohammed was driven out of Mecca he fled to Medina for safety." A day or two later, Joe discovered him about two and a half miles down the creek near the Oak Orchard falls, building a log hut where he and his family lived for some years. From the remark of Joe Ellicott, the "Barnegaters" nicknamed his little burg Medina."

Another record in the hand writing of William Walsh says he moved from Lockport to Oak Orchard (which was the name of Medina) on the fifteenth of November 1825. However, the "Barnegaters" insisted on calling it Medina and so it was christened.