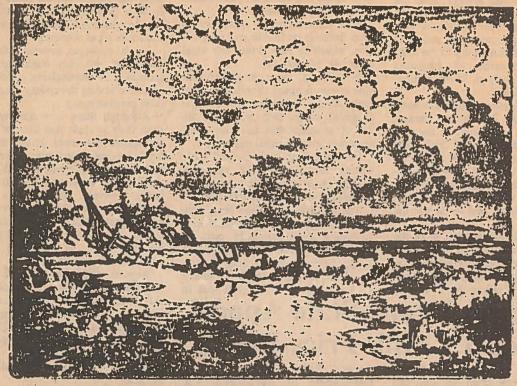
Bethinking of Old Orleans

C.W.Lattin County Historian

7-9-92 Vol. XIV No. 27

19th CENTURY SHIPWRECKS OFF



BEACH SCENE AFTER ONE OF THE LAKE ONTARIO STORMS

Now all good wood scow sailor mans, ake warning by dat storm In' go marry one nice farm girl, and live on one big farm

Den de win' can blow like heck, In' s'pose she blow some more, 'ou can't get drown on Lake Ontair' so long you stay on shore.

(Lake sailors chantey, 1880)

As historian of the county municipality containng both major natural waterways I receive equests every year for information regarding oating, shipbuilding, and shipwrecks. Each year to answer is the same: "very little information has ver been documented on this subject along our ounty's bordering of the lake." What little there is ras written in: "The Historical Album of Orleans ounty, New York - 1879." These were the recolections of Captain Horatio C. Murray, a prominent hipbuilder and lake navigator. He was born in 821 and was about 58 years of age when his ecords were set to print.

In the twelve years of my tenure I have investiated anything dealing with local shipping. As ather insignificant data has ever been found it eems appropriate to reprint Capt. Murray's nemories. If any further information might be vailable concerning our present century it possibrould be gained by contacting the U.S. Coast luard, 9th District; Rm. 459, 601 Rockwell; Cleve-

ind, Ohio.

In 1847 the schooner "Missouri", Captain Garder commander, ran ashore and was so damaged nat it was necessary to haul her out and rebuild er. After the outlay of considerable money, and mid many perplexities, she was put afloat again 1848. In the same gale that wrecked the "Misouri," the schooner "Paul Jones" was driven ground three miles east of Oak Orchard Harbor. The was hauled ashore and novely be "ground three miles east of Oak Orchard Harbor. he was hauled ashore and newly bottomed and unched the following year. Another disaster courred at the same time, the Canadian Schoonr "C. Pollet Thompson" having been run ashore our miles east of Oak Orchard Harbor. She was bandoned for the winter and rescued the followng spring.

In the early part of 1849 the steamer "Lady of ne Lake," Captain Eccleston master, Charley aldwell mate, broke her shaft one evening on her assage down, when off Oak Orchard. The next norning she was seen riding safely at anchor bout four miles east of the harbor, through the rind was blowing a gale from the northwest. hose on board communicated with persons on hore by means of a message washed ashore in a

ail and measures were taken for her rescue. The Canadian brig "Matilda Taylor", Captain aylor, bound from Kingston to Cleveland, with a argo of railroad iron for the Cleveland and Cincinati railroad, was caught in a gale and snow storm, the winter of 1850, driven ashore and wrecked two miles east of Oak Orchard. In the spring of 1851 the schooner "Wilson S. Malcolm", with a cargo of flour, sprang a leak outside the harbor and was run ashore three-fourths of a mile east of Oak Orchard. She was pumped out, her leaks partially stopped, and she was sent forward.

About December 1, 1855, the schooner "Perseverance", of Niagara, laden with coal and salt, was caught in a snow and wind storm from the north, and having her main boom broken went ashore five miles west of Oak Orchard, near the mouth of Johnson's Creek. Captains Selheimer and Murray were employed to get her off, and did so two weeks later, only after a severe struggle with the storm, the winds and the ice along the

shore, when they brought her into the harbor. The "Clipper" a small Canadian schooner, was caught in a severe norther, was driven ashore east of the harbor, and abandoned. In the fall of 1867 the flat-bottomed Canadian schooner, "Lord Nelson", with a cargo of wood, lost part of her canvas in a heavy gale. She was driven into the harbor, striking the western pier, and sustained serious damage. The "LaFayette Cook", a brig, was caught in a heavy nor-wester in the winter of 1871, her crew tried to run into the harbor, but she went on shore just east of the eastern pier. Part of her cargo was thrown overboard, and she righted after the gale subsided.

During the fall of 1873 the propeller "Young America", of the New York line, had her engine disabled while trying to weather a heavy storm from the north, was driven twelve miles beyond the harbor, passing over the lower part of the bar, where

she remained a total wreck.

Other disasters which have occurred in the lake off Oak Orchard Harbor include: in 1840 the Canadian timber brig "St. Lawrence", laden with heavy oak, sprung a leak and sank in the offing opposite the harbor. The crew were saved in the yawl. Eight years later the propeller "Genesee Chief", bound west, ran down and sank the steamer "Cuba", of Oswego, laden with wheat. A suit for damages was in the courts for years, which finally resulted in a verdict of \$18,000.00 for the proprietors of the sunken vessel.

In 1849 the schooner "Forest", bound up the lake with a cargo of salt, sprang a leak in the offing and sank, the crew pulling into Oak Orchard Harbor just in time to obtain a passage home in a vessel about to weigh anchor. During the year 1869 the Canadian schooner "Jane Lesley", laden with coal, sprang a leak in the offing and run ashore five miles west of Oak Orchard. Captain Douglas came over from Toronto and negotiated with Captains Selheimer and Murray to take her off and bring her into the harbor. They were successful, soon had her afloat and inside the harbor. There is only one vessel owned at the harbor

now (1879). It is a large craft of 250-tons burden, owned by Messrs. Selheimer and Beckwith and employed by them in the grain and lumber trade, chiefly with Canadian ports.

Lysbeth Hoffman, O.M.H. Carlton Historian